



## Gingersnap Rose

*Rosa 'Gingersnap'*

Height: 5 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Sunlight: ☉

Hardiness Zone: 5

Other Names: Apricot Prince, Prince Apricot

Group/Class: Floribunda Rose

### Description:

Mixed shades of bright orange and yellow with peach flush and edging describe the gorgeous blooms of this hardy and disease resistant hybrid; the sunny blossoms begin as urn shaped buds and bloom throughout the season

### Ornamental Features

Gingersnap Rose features showy lightly-scented orange flowers with yellow eyes and peach edges at the ends of the branches from early spring to mid fall. The flowers are excellent for cutting. It has dark green deciduous foliage. The glossy oval compound leaves do not develop any appreciable fall color.

### Landscape Attributes

Gingersnap Rose is a multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This shrub will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It is a good choice for attracting bees to your yard. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Gingersnap Rose is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use



*Gingersnap Rose flowers*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



### **Planting & Growing**

Gingersnap Rose will grow to be about 5 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 30 years.

This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.